# Sixth Grade – Mathematics

Kentucky Core Academic Standards with Targets





Grade Level/	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade
Standard with code:	6.RP.1 Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities. For example, "The ratio of wings to beaks in the bird house at the zoo was 2:1, because for every 2 wings there was one beak." "For every vote candidate A received, candidate C received nearly three votes."
Domain:	Ratio and Proportional Relationships
Cluster:	Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
Туре:	Knowledge XX Reasoning Performance Skill Product

Knowledge Targe	ts	Reasoning Targe	rts		Р	erformance	Skills Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>
Write ratio notati	on-	Generalize that a	all ratios relate two	quantities or				
:,to, _	_/		a given situation i	n a multiplicative				
		relationship.						
Know order matte	ers when writing							
a ratio		Analyze your cor represented	itext to determine	which kind of ratio	o is			
Know ratios can b	e simplified	represented						
Know ratios comp quantities; the qu have to be the san measure	antities do not							
Recognize that rativariety of different to-whole, part-to-	nt contexts; part-							
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend precision		Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/ C	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade
Standard with code:	6.RP.2 Understand the concept of a unit rate $a/b$ associated with a ratio $a:b$ with $b \neq 0$ , and use rate language in the context of a ratio relationship. For example, "This recipe has a ratio of 3 cups of flour to 4 cups of sugar, so there is $3/4$ cup of flour for each cup of sugar." "We paid \$75 for 15 hamburgers, which is a rate of \$5 per hamburger."
Domain:	Ratio and Proportional Relationships
Cluster:	Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
Туре:	KnowledgeXReasoningPerformance SkillProduct

Knowledge Targets	Reasoning Targets			Performa	ance Skills Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>
Identify and calculate a unit rate.	and calculate a unit rate. Analyze the relationship between a ratio a:b and a unit					
Use appropriate math terminology as related to rate.	rate a/b where $b \neq 0$	).				
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.		odel with othematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/ Course: 6 <sup>t</sup>	<sup>h</sup> Grade
Standard:	6.RP.3 Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.  a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.  b. Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed. For example, if it took 7 hours to mow 4 lawns, then at that rate, how many lawns could be mowed in 35 hours? At what rate were lawns being mowed?  c. Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100 (e.g., 30% of a quantity means 30/100 times the quantity); solve problems involving finding the whole, given a part and the percent.  d. Use ratio reasoning to convert measurement units; manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities.
Domain:	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
Cluster:	Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
Type:Knowled	ge <u>X</u> ReasoningPerformance SkillProduct

Knowledge Targets	Reasoning Targets	Performance Skills Targets	Product Targets
Make a table of equivalent ratios using whole numbers. Find the missing values in a table of equivalent ratios.	Use tables to compare proportional quantities.  Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving ratio and rate, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.	J	J
Plot pairs of values that represent equivalent ratios on the coordinate plane.	Apply the concept of unit rate to solve real-world problems involving unit pricing.  Apply the concept of unit rate to solve real-world problems involving constant speed.		
Know that a percent is a ratio of a number to 100.  Find a % of a number as a rate per 100.	Solve real-world problems involving finding the whole, given a part and a percent.  Apply ratio reasoning to convert measurement units in real-world and mathematical problems.  Apply ratio reasoning to convert measurement units by multiplying or dividing in real-world and mathematical problems.		
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· ·	,	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Model with mathematics.				Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.
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Grade Level/	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> gi	rade							
Standard with code:	fractions, e.g., b story context for multiplication a (a/b) ÷ (c/d) = a many 3/4-cup se	6.NS.1 Interpret and compute quotients of fractions, and solve word problems involving division of fractions be fractions, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem. For example, create a story context for $(2/3) \div (3/4)$ and use a visual fraction model to show the quotient; use the relationship between multiplication and division to explain that $(2/3) \div (3/4) = 8/9$ because $3/4$ of $8/9$ is $2/3$ . (In general, $(a/b) \div (c/d) = ad/bc$ .) How much chocolate will each person get if 3 people share $1/2$ lb of chocolate equally? In many $3/4$ -cup servings are in $2/3$ of a cup of yogurt? How wide is a rectangular strip of land with length $3/4$ m and area $1/2$ square mi?							
Domain:	Number System								
Cluster:	Apply and exten	d previous unde	rstanding of mul	tiplication and	division to divide	ractions by frac	ctions.		
Туре:	Knowledge	XReasonin	gPerf	ormance Skill	Product				
Knowledge T	argets	Reasoning Targ	gets		Performance Skills Targets Product Targets				
Knowledge Targets  Compute quotients of fractions divided by fractions (including mixed numbers).		Solving word p	ents of fractions roblems involving actions, e.g., by us s and equations t	sing visual					
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.		Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.  Look for and make use of structure.		Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.		

Standard	6.NS.2 Fluently	divide multi-digi	t numbers using	the standard	algorithm.					
with code:	,									
Domain:	The Number Sys	tem								
Cluster:	Compute fluentl	y with multi-digi	t numbers and f	ind common	factors and multiple	es.				
Type:X	_Knowledge	Reasonin	gPerfo	rmance Skill	Product					
Knowledge Tar	gets	Reasoning Targ	gets	P	erformance Skills T	argets	Produ	ict Targets		
numbers using algorithm with accuracy.										
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically		Look for make us structure	e of	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.		

Grade Level/	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> G	rade								
Standard with code:	6.NS.3 Fluently a operation.	uently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multi-digit decimals using the standard algorithm for each n.								
Domain:	The Number Sys	tem								
Cluster:	Compute fluenti	ly with multi-digi	t numbers and fi	nd common fa	actors and multi	ples.				
Type:X	Knowledge	Reasonin	gPerfo	rmance Skill	Produc	ct				
Knowledge Ta	rgets	Reasoning Targ	gets		Performance S	kills Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>			
using the stan for each opera and accuracy.	lti-digit decimals dard algorithm ition with speed									
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriat tools strategically.	e Attend to precision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.			

Grade Level/ Co	urse (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grad	le								
Standard with code:	two whole number	nd the greatest common factor of two whole numbers less than or equal to 100 and the least common multiple of le numbers less than or equal to 12. Use the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers 1–100 mmon factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor. For example, express 36 + 8 as								
Domain:	Number Systems	5								
Cluster:	Compute fluentl	y with multi-digi	t numbers and fi	nd commor	n fact	ors and multiples	<b>.</b>			
Type: Kn	owledgeX	Reasoning _	Performand	ce Skill	F	Product				
Knowledge Targ	ets	Reasoning Targe	ets		Perf	ormance Skills Targ	gets	<b>Product Targets</b>		
and determine t Common Factor Identify the mult	tiples of two less than or equal mine the Least	addition problen Greatest Commo	ns by factoring out on Factor.	the						
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriatools strategio		Attend to precision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.		

Standard with code:	directions or value positive/negative	ues (e.g., tempe e electric charge	and negative nur rature above /be e); use positive an g of 0 in each situ	low zero, elevati d negative numb	on a	bove/below	sea level, cred	its/debits,
Domain:	Number Sense							
Cluster:	Apply and exter	nd previous unde	rstandings of nur	nbers to the syst	em (	of rational nu	ımbers.	
Туре:	Knowledge _	XReasonin	gPerfo	ormance Skill		Product		
Knowledge Talldentify an int		Reasoning Targe	ets represent quantitie			Performance	e Skills Targets	Product Targets
opposite		,	e/below sea level,	•	y			
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.		end to cision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Standard	6.NS.6abc Understand a rational number as a point on the number line. Extend number line diagrams and coordinate axes
with code:	familiar from previous grades to represent points on the line and in the plane with negative number coordinates.
	<ul> <li>a. Recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line; recognize that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself, e.g., -(-3) = 3 and that 0 is its own opposite.</li> <li>b. Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane; recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes.</li> <li>c. Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.</li> </ul>
Domain:	Number Sense
Cluster:	Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers.
Туре:	KnowledgeXReasoningPerformance SkillProduct

Knowledge Targets	Reasoning Targets	Performance Skills Targets	Product Targets
Identify a rational number as a point on the number line.	Reason that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself.		
Identify the location of zero on a number line in relation to positive and negative numbers  Recognize opposite signs of numbers as locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line  Recognize the signs of both numbers in an ordered pair indicate which quadrant of the coordinate plane the ordered pair will be located  Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram  Find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane	Reason that when only the x value in a set of ordered pairs are opposites, it creates a reflection over the y axis, e.g., (x,y) and (-x,y)  Recognize that when only the y value in a set of ordered pairs are opposites, it creates a reflection over the x axis, e.g., (x,y) and (x, -y)  Reason that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across both axes, e.g., (-x, -y) and (x,y)		

Make sense of	Reason abstractly	Construct viable	Model with	Use appropriate	Attend to	Look for and make	Look for and
problems and	and quantitatively.	arguments and	mathematics.	tools strategically.	precision.	use of structure.	express regularity
persevere in		critique the					in repeated
solving them.		reasoning of					reasoning.
		others.					

	Course: 6 <sup>th</sup> Gr								
Standard with code:	<ul> <li>6.NS.7abcd Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers.</li> <li>a. Interpret statements of inequality as statements about the relative position of two numbers on a number line diagram example, interpret -3&gt;-7 as a statement that -3 is located to the right of -7 on a number line oriented from left to right.</li> <li>b. Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in real-world contexts. For example, write -3°C to express the fact that -3°C is warmer than -7°C.</li> <li>c. Understand the absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on the number line; interpret absolute value magnitude for a positive or negative quantity in a real-world situation. For example, for an account balance of -30 dollars write  -30  = 30 to describe the size of the debt in dollars.</li> <li>d. Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order. For example, recognize that an account balance.</li> </ul>								
	_	dollars represents a de			iei. <i>r</i>	or example, l	recognize that a	n account balance	
Domain:	Number Sen	se							
Cluster:	Apply and	extend previous unde	erstandings of nu	ımbers to the sys	stem	of rational r	umbers.		
Туре:	Knowledge	XReasoning	gPerf	ormance Skill		Product			
Knowledge Ta	rgets	Reasoning Targets			Performance	Skills Targets	Product Targets		
Order rational number line Identify absolu rational number	ute value of	Interpret statements relative position of two Write, interpret, and numbers in real-world Interpret absolute with negative quantity in Distinguish comparison about order and apply	vo numbers on a nexplain statement docontexts value as magnitude a real-world situations of absolute val	umber line diagran s of order for ration de for a positive o nation ue from statement	nal				
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstrac and quantitativ	•	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Atter preci		Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	

Grade Level	/ Course: 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade											
Standard with code:	Include use of c	5.NS.8 Solve real-world and mathematical problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the coordinate p nclude use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same first coordinate c same second coordinate.										
Domain:	Number System	ıs										
Cluster:	Apply and exter	end previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers.										
Туре:	Knowledge	XReasoning	Perfor	rmance Skil	II _	Product						
Knowled	lge Targets	Reasoning	Targets		Pe	rformance Skills	Targets	Pr	oduct Targets			
Knowledge Targets  Calculate absolute value.  Graph points in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane.		points in all four quadrants of a coordinate plane.		e the rith the								
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use approprious tools strategi		Attend to precision.	Look for and use of struct		Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.			

Grade Level/ Co	urse: 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade
Standard with code:	6.EE.1 Write and evaluate numerical expressions involving whole-number exponents.
Domain:	Expressions and Equations
Cluster:	Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.
Type: X Kno	wledgeReasoningPerformance SkillProduct

Knowledge Targe	ets	Reasoning Targe	ets			Performance	Skills Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>
Write numerical of involving whole responents  Ex. 3 <sup>4</sup> = 3x3x3x3	umber							
Evaluate numeric involving whole r exponents Ex. $3^4 = 3x3x3x3$ Solve order of op that contain expo Ex. $3 + 2^2 - (2 + 3)$	= 81 eration problems onents							
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Atten		Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/ C	Course: 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade
Standard with code:	6.EE.2a Write, read and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.  a. Write expressions that record operations with numbers and with letters standing for numbers. For example, express the calculation "Subtract y from 5" as 5 – y.
Domain:	Expressions and Equations
Cluster:	Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.
Туре:	KnowledgeXReasoningPerformance SkillProduct

Knowledge Targ	ets	Reasoning Targe	ets		Performance	e Skills Targets	Product Targets
Use numbers and represent desire	d variables to	Translating writt	en phrases into alg	gebraic expressions	renormane	- Januara Fara	Trouder range is
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	nd to ision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Standard	6.EE.2b Write, read and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.								
with code:	b. Identify parts of an expression using mathematical terms (sum, term, product, factor, quotient, coefficient);								
	view one or more parts of an expression as a single entity. For example, describe the expression 2 (8 + 7) as a								
	product of two factors; view (8 + 7) as both a single entity and a sum of two terms.								
	Expressions and Equations								
Domain:	Expressions and Equations								
Domain: Cluster:	Expressions and Equations Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.								

Knowledge Tar	gets	Reasoning Targe	ets		Performance	e Skills Targets	Product Targets
Identify parts of using mathema (sum, term, pr quotient, coef Identify parts of single entity, ev monomial.	tical terms oduct, factor, ficient) an expression as a						
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	nd to ision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/ Co	ourse: 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade										
Standard with code:			=	n which letters sta			rmulas usad in raal				
code.		essions at specific values of their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas used in real-									
	-		Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole number exponents, in the derivative derivations are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations). For example, use								
		$s^3$ and $A = 6 s^2$ to find the volume and surface area of a cube with sides of length $s = 1/2$ .									
Domain: Expressions and Equations											
Cluster:	Apply and exten	d previous unde	erstandings of a	rithmetic to algeb	raic expressions	s.					
Type:X	_Knowledge	Reasoning	Perf	ormance Skill _	Product						
Knowledge Targe	ets	Reasoning Targ	ets		Performa	nce Skills Targets	Product Targets				
Substitute specifi variables.	c values for										
Evaluate algebrai including those the world problems.	c expressions nat arise from real-										
Apply order of op there are no pare expressions that i number exponen	ntheses for include whole										
Make sense of	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for and make use of structure.	E Look for and express regularity in repeated				

others.

Standard with code:	property to the e expression 24x +	6.EE.3 Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. For example, apply the distributive property to the expression 3 ( $2 + x$ ) to produce the equivalent expression $6 + 3x$ ; apply the distributive property to the expression $24x + 18y$ to produce the equivalent expression $4x + 3y$ ; apply properties of operations to $y + y + y$ to produce the equivalent expression $3y$ .					
Domain: Cluster: Type:Know	1	Equations d previous understandings of arithmetic to algebr ReasoningPerformance Skill	raic expressionsProduct				
Knowledge Target Generate equivale the properties of o distributive proper property, adding li addition property o	nt expressions using operations. (e.g. ty, associative ke terms with the	Reasoning Targets  Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions.	Performance Skills Targets	Product Targets			

# Make sense of Reason abstractly Construct viable Model with Use appropriate Attend to Look for and make Look for and express problems and and quantitatively. arguments and mathematics. tools strategically. precision. use of structure. regularity in repeated persevere in solving critique the reasoning. reasoning of them. others.

Grade Level/ (	Grade Level/ Course: 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade				
Standard with code:	6.EE.4 Identify when two expressions are equivalent (i.e., when the two expressions name the same number regardless of which value is substituted into them). For example, the expressions y + y + y and 3y are equivalent because they name the same number regardless of which number y stands for.				
Domain:	Expressions and Equations				
Cluster:	Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.				
Туре:К	nowledgeX_ReasoningPerformance SkillProduct				

Knowledge Targets Reasoning Targets					Performance	Skills Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>	
Recognize when are equivalent.	two expressions		ious strategies) tha atter what numbe	it two equations ar r is substituted.	e			
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.		nd to cision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/ Co	urse (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grad	е					
Standard with code:	any, make the equ	EE.5 Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if my, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.					
Domain:	Expressions and	Equations					
Cluster:	Reason about ar	nd solve one-vari	able equations a	nd inequalities			
Туре:X	Knowledge	Reasoning	Performar	nce Skill	_Product		
Knowledge Tai	gets	Reasoning Targ	gets		Performance Ski	lls Targets	Product Targets
or inequality as answering "wh specified set, if equation or ine Know that the equation or ine values that ma or inequality tr	ich values from a any, make the equality true?" solutions of an equality are the ke the equation ue. In to determine a number in a akes an						
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/ Co	urse (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade	e						
Standard with code:		EE.6 Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; inderstand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a secified set.						
Domain:	Expressions and	Equations						
Cluster:	Reason about an	d solve one-vari	able equations a	nd inequalities				
Туре:к	(nowledge)	Reasoning	Performan	ce Skill	Prod	uct		
Knowledge Targ	gets	Reasoning Targe	ets			Performance	Skills Targets	Product Targets
Recognize that a represent an un or, depending of hand, any numb set.	known number, n the purpose at	Relate variables write expression mathematical pr	ns when solving a r	eal-world or				
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.		nd to ision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/	' Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> G	irade						
Standard with code:		al-world and matl which <i>p, q</i> and <i>x a</i>	•			ving equation	ons of the form	x + p = q and $px$
Domain:	Expressions and	l Equations						
Cluster:	Reason about a	nd solve one-vari	able equations a	nd inequalities				
Туре:	Knowledge	XReasoning	gPerfo	ormance Skill		Product		
Knowledge Ta	argets	Reasoning Targe	ets			Performance	e Skills Targets	Product Targets
	erse operations can ving one-variable	to solve real work is only one unknown.  Develop a rule for inverse operation coefficients.  Solve and write of the solution o	are all nonnegative and mathematic own quantity.) or solving one-step as with nonnegative equations for real-value one unknown	equations using ve rational	re			
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Atten		Look for and make use of structure.	e Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> G	rade						
Standard with code:	mathematical p	inequality of the roblem. Recogniz ons of such inequ	e that inequalitie	es of the form x >				
Domain:	Expressions and	l Equations						
Cluster:	Reason about a	nd solve one-vari	able equations a	nd inequalities				
Туре:	Knowledge _	XReasoning	Perfo	rmance Skill _	P	roduct		
Knowledge Ta	argets	Reasoning Targe	ets		P	erformanc	e Skills Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>
set up an inec	real-world or problem in order to quality. It inequalities of the $c < c$ have infinitely	a constraint or c problem. Represent soluti	lity of the form x > ondition in a real-volume to inequalities ly many solutions,	vorld or mathemat or the form $x > c$	ical			
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend precisio		Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Standard with code:	6.EE.9 Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another; write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation. For example, in a problem involving motion at constant speed, list and graph ordered pairs of distances and times, and write the equation d = 65t to represent the relationship between distance and time.
Domain:	Expressions and Equations
Cluster:	Represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables.
Type:I	KnowledgeXReasoningPerformance SkillProduct

Knowledge Targ	ets	Reasoning Targe	ets			Performance	Skills Targets	Product Targets
Use variables to quantities in a rethat change in reanother.	Relate the data in a graph and table to the corresponding equation.		nt)					
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.		end to cision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/Course (hig	Grade Level/Course (high School): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade				
Standard with Code:	6.G.1 Find the area of right triangles, other triangles, special quadrilaterals, and polygons by composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes; apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.				
Domain:	Geometry				
Cluster:	Solve real world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.				
Type:Knowledge	X _ReasoningPerformance SkillProduct				

Knowledge Targets		Reasoning Target	:s	Performand	e Skill Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>	
Recognize and know h and decompose polygo and rectangles.	•	area of the composition a grade.)  Apply the technic and/or decomposition and/or decompositio	a of a triangle to the osted rectangle. Inddressed in previous ques of composing sing to find the area of quadrilaterals and mathematical and real and justify formulas for allelograms (6 <sup>th</sup> grade				
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/Co	Grade Level/Course (high School): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade					
Standard with	.G.2 Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate					
Code:	unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism.					
	Apply the formulas $V=lwh$ and $V=Bh$ to find the volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of					
	solving real-world and mathematical problems.					
Domain:	Geometry					
Cluster:	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.					
Type:Kn	Type:KnowledgeReasoningXPerformance SkillProduct					

Knowledge Targets		Reasoning Target	ts	Performance Skil	l Targets	<b>Product Targets</b>		
Know how to calculate the volume of a right rectangular prism.		Apply volume for rectangular prism world and mathe involving rectang fractional edge le	ns to solve real- matical problems rular prisms with	Model the volume rectangular prism edge lengths by punit cubes of the fraction edge lenger	with fractional acking it with appropriate unit			
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  Reason abstractly and quantitatively.		Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.  Attend to precision.		Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	

Grade Level/	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade							
Standard with code:  6.G.3 Draw polygons in the coordinate plane given coordinates for the vertices; use coordinates to find the lead of a side joining points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. Apply these techniques the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.								
Domain:	Geometry							
Cluster:	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.							
Туре:	Knowledge XReasoningPerformance SkillProduct							

Knowledge Tar	gets	Reasoning Targ	Performance Skil	s Targets	Produ	ct Targets		
Draw polygons coordinate plar  Use coordinate or coordinate) to form of a side of a point of the coordinate of a point of a side of a p	ne.  s (with the same the same y- find the length	find the length	nique of using coo of a side of a pol te plane to solve ical problems.	ygon drawn				
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for a make use structure.		Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/	Grade Level/ Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade									
Standard with code:	6.G.4 Represent three-dimensional figures using nets made up of rectangles and triangles, and use the nets to find the surface area of these figures. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.									
Domain:	Geometry									
Cluster:	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.									
Туре:	KnowledgeXReasoningPerformance SkillProduct									

Knowledge Targ	ets	Reasoning Targe	ets		Performance Skills Targets Product Targets				
Know that 3-D fi represented by i	_	Apply knowledge rectangles and to the areas for each representing the figure.	edimensional figure angles and triangle e of calculating the riangles to a net, a ch shape into one a e surface area of a and mathematical e area using nets.						
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	problems and abstractly and arguments and mathematics. tools strategically			Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for a make use structure.		Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	

Grade Level/	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> G	rade								
Standard with code:	accounts for it in	ognize a statistical question as one that anticipates variability in the data related to the question and r it in the answers. For example, "How old am I?" is not a statistical question, but "How old are the my school?" is a statistical question because one anticipates variability in students' ages.								
Domain:	Statistics and Pr	atistics and Probability								
Cluster:	Develop underst	tanding of statist	ical variability.							
Туре:X_	Knowledge	Reasoning	gPerfo	ormance Skill	Product					
Knowledge T	argets	Reasoning Targ	gets		Performance S	kills Targets	Product Targets			
variability. Recognize a s (examples ve examples)	statistical question ersus non-									
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.			

Grade Level/ (	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Gi	 rade								
Standard with code:	6.SP.2 Understa				stical question has	a distribution	າ which can be			
Domain:	omain: Statistics and Probability									
Cluster:	Develop underst	tanding of statist	ical variability.							
Туре: _Х	Knowledge	Reasoning	gPerf	ormance Skill	Product					
Knowledge	Targets	Reasoning T	argets		Performance Skills	Targets	Product Targets			
and overall shap identifying data gaps and symme	of data by its an and median.  of data by its spread pe, e.g. by clusters, peaks, etry									
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to precision.	Look for and ma use of structure				

Grade Level/ C	ourse (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade
Standard with code:	6.SP.3 Recognize that a measure of center for a numerical data set summarizes all of its values with a single number, while a measure of variation describes how its values vary with a single number.
Domain:	Statistics and Probability
Cluster:	Develop understanding of statistical variability.
Type:X	KnowledgeReasoningPerformance SkillProduct

Knowledge	Targets	Reasonin	g Targets		Performance Skills	Targets	F	Product Targets
_	e are measures of y for a data set, e.g. mode.	,						
variances for a o	e are measures of data set, e.g., range, nge, mean absolute							
Recognize meas tendency for a c the data with a	lata set summarizes							
_	ures of variation for es how its values va mber.							
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriat tools strategica	Attend to precision.	Look for and r use of structu		Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Grade Level/	Course (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> G	rade								
Standard with code:	6.SP.4 Display n	6.SP.4 Display numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms, and box plots								
Domain:	Statistics and Probability									
Cluster:	Summarize and	describe distribu	tions							
Туре:	Knowledge	Reasoning	Perform	nance Skill	X	Product				
Knowledge Ta	irgets	Reasoning Targ	gets			Performand Targets	ce Skills	Product Targets		
plots, histograplots.  Find the medi	omponents of dot oms, and box an, quartile and ange of a set of	Analyze a set o	f data to determi	ne its variance.				Create a dot plot to display a set of numerical data.  Create a histogram to display a set of numerical data.  Create a box plot to display a set of numerical data.		
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.		end to	Look for and make use of structure.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.		

Grade Level/ Co	urse (HS): 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade									
with code:	data were gathered.	ber of observati ure of the attrib measures of ce any overall patte of measures of	ions. ute und nter (m ern and	der investigati nedian and/or I any striking o	on, including how mean) and variab deviations from th	it was meas ility (interque e overall pa	uartile ra ttern wit	nge and /or m h reference to	nean o the	
Туре: К	nowledge <u>X</u>	Reasoning _	Р	erformance SI	cillProd	uct				
Knowledge Targ	ets		Reaso	oning Targets			Perforn Targets	nance Skills	Pro	duct Targets
Report the numl display.  Describe the dat was measured a Calculate quanti mean, median, r	play data in tables and per of observations in a being collected, inclind its units of measure tative measures of centrode.  tative measures of value tative measures of value tative measures of value tative measures of value range, mean abso	a data set or uding how it ement. nter, e.g.,	meas mode devia Choose tende Analy the coose tende	ures of a set of a range, interdation.  se the appropred to represent the shape of the shape of the appropred the appropred to a range of the	ct of outliers on que f data, e.g., mean, quartile range, mean riate measure of ce ent the data. Of the data were galiate measures of collity and justify white in terms of the data is the data is the properties of collity and justify white in terms of the data is the data in terms of the data is the data in terms of the data in the da	median, n absolute entral tion and thered to entral ny this				
Make sense of prob and persevere in sol them.		Construct viable arguments and cr the reasoning of c		Model with mathematics.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	Attend to pro	ecision.	Look for and m use of structure		Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.